Chapter E 310

CONDUCTORS FOR GENERAL WIRING

E 310.01	General		of insulated copper con-
E 310.02	Application and con-		ductors in amperes
	struction	E 310.13	Table-allowable cur-
E 310.03	Insulating materials		rent-carrying capacities
E 310.04	Temperature limitations		of insulated copper con-
E 310.05	Wet locations		ductors in amperes
E 310.06	Buried conductors	E 310.14	Table—allowable cur-
E 310.07	Corrosive conditions		rent-carrying capacities
E 310.08	Minimum size of conduc-		of insulated aluminum
	tors	TR 010 15	conductors in amperes
E 310.09 E 310.10	Stranded conductors	E 310.15	Table—allowable cur-
E 310.10	Conductors in multiple		rent-carrying capacities of insulated aluminum
IN STATE	Current-carrying capac- ity reduction factors.		conductors in amperes
E 310.12	Table—allowable cur-		conductors in amperes
	rent-carrying capacities		
	rent-carrying capacities		

E 310.01 General. (1) The purpose of this chapter is to assure that conductors have mechanical strength, insulation, and current carrying capacity adequate for the particular conditions under which they are to be used.

(2) Conductors shall be insulated, except when covered or bare con-

ductors are specifically permitted in this code.

(3) The provisions of this chapter are not intended to apply to conductors which form an integral part of equipment such as motors, motor controllers, and the like, or which are provided for elsewhere in this code.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

E 310.02 Application and construction. (1) CONDUCTOR APPLICATION. Conductor insulations as specified in the following table E 310.02 (1) may be installed for any of the wiring methods recognized herein, except as otherwise provided for in the table or in section E 310.03, or as otherwise specified in this code. They are suitable for 600 volts unless otherwise specified.

(2) CONDUCTOR CONSTRUCTION. Insulated conductors for use at 600 volts or less shall conform to the provisions of table E 310.02 (2).

TABLE E 310.02 (1) CONDUCTOR APPLICATION

Trade Name	Type Letter	Max. Operating Temp.	Application Provisions		
Rubber-Covered Fixture Wire	*RF-1	60°C 140°F	Fixture wiring. Limited to 300 V.		
Solid or 7-Strand	*RF-2	60°C 140°F	Fixture wiring, and as permitted in E 310.08.		
Rubber-Covered Fixture Wire	*FF-1	60°C 140°F	Fixture wiring. Limited to 300 V.		
Flexible Stranding	*FF-2	60°C 140°F	Fixture wiring, and as permitted in E 310.08.		

^{*}Fixture wires are not intended for installation as branch circuit conductors nor for the connection of portable or stationary appliances.

TABLE E 310.02 (1)-Continued

Trade Name	Type Letter	Max. Operating Temp.	Application Provisions
Heat-Resistant Rubber-Covered Fixture Wire	*RFH-1	75°C 167°F	Fixture wiring. Limited to 300 V.
Solid or 7-Strand	*RFH-2	75°C 167°F	Fixture wiring, and as permitted in E 310.08.
Heat-Resistant Rubber-Covered Fixture Wire	*FFH-1	75°C 167°F	Fixture wiring. Limited to 300 V.
Flexible Stranding	*FFH-2	75°C 167°F	Fixture wiring, and as permitted in E 310.08.
Thermoplastic-Covered Fixture Wire—Solid or Stranded	*TF	60°C 140°F	Fixture wiring, and as permitted in E 310.08.
Thermoplastic-Covered Fixture Wire—Flexible Stranding	*TFF	60°C 140°F	Fixture wiring.
Cotton-Covered, Heat-Resistant, Fixture Wire	*CF	90°C 194°F	Fixture wiring. Limited to 300 V.
Asbestos-Covered Heat-Resistant, Fixture Wire	*AF	150°C 302°F	Fixture wiring. Limited to 300 V. and Indoor Dry Location.
Silicone Rubber Insulated Fixture Wire	*SF-1	200°C 392°F	Fixture wiring. Limited to 300 V.
Solid or 7-Strand	*SF-2	200°C 892°F	Fixture wiring, and as permitted in E 310.08.
Silicone Rubber Insulated Fixture Wire	*SFF-1	150°C 302°F	Fixture wiring. Limited to 300 V.
Flexible Stranding	*SFF-2	150°C 302°F	Fixture wiring, and as permitted in E 310.08.
Code Rubber	R	60°C 140°F	Dry Locations.
Heat-Resistant Rubber	RH	75°C 167°F	Dry Locations.
Heat-Resistant Rubber	RHH	90°C 194°F	Dry Locations.
Moisture-Resistant Rubber	RW	60°C 140°F	Dry and wet locations. For over 2000 volts, insulation shall be ozone-resistant.
Moisture and Heat-Resistant Rubber	RH-RW	60°C 140°F	Dry and wet locations. For over 2000 volts, insulation shall be ozone-resistant.
		75°C 167°F	Dry locations. For over 2000 volts, insulation shall be ozone-resistant.
Moisture and Heat-Resistant Rubber	RHW	75°C 167°F	Dry and wet locations. For over 2000 volts, insulation shall be ozone-resistant.
Latex Rubber	RU	60°C 140°F	Dry locations.
Heat-Resistant Latex Rubber	RUH	75°C	Dry locations.
Moisture-Resistant Latex Rubber	RUW	60°C 140°F	Dry and wet locations.
Thermoplastic	T	60°C 140°F	Dry locations.
Moisture-Resistant Thermoplastic	TW	60°C 140°F	Dry and wet locations.

^{*}Fixture wires are not intended for installation as branch circuit conductors nor for the connection of portable or stationary appliances.

TABLE E 310.02 (1)—Continued

Trade Name	Type Letter	Max. Operating Temp.	Application Provisions
Moisture and Heat-Resistant Thermoplastic	THW	75°C 167°F	Dry and wet locations.
Moisture and Heat-Resistant Thermoplastic	THWN	75°C 167°F	Dry and wet locations.
Mineral Insulation (Metal Sheathed)	MI	85°C 185°F	Dry and wet locations with Type O termination fittings. Max. operating temperature for special applications 250°C.
Thermoplastic and Asbestos	TA	90°C 194°F	Switchboard wiring only.
Silicone-Asbestos	SA	90°C 194°F	Dry locations — max. operating temperature for special applications 125°C.
Thermoplastic and Fibrous Outer Braid	TBS	90°C 194°F	Switchboard wiring only.
Varnished Cambric	V	85°C 185°F	Dry locations only. Smaller than No. 6 by special permission.
Asbestos and Varnished Cambric	AVA	110°C 230°F	Dry locations only.
Asbestos and Varnished Cambric	AVL	110°C 230°F	Dry and wet locations.
Asbestos and Varnished Cambric	AVB	90°C 194°F	Dry locations only.
Asbestos	A	200°C 892°F	Dry locations only. In raceways, only for leads to or within apparatus. Limited to 300 V.
Asbestos	AA	200°C 392°F	Dry locations only. Open wiring. In raceways, only for leads to or within apparatus. Limited to 300 V.
Asbestos	AI	125°C 257°F	Dry locations only. In raceways, only for leads to or within apparatus. Limited to 300 V.
Asbestos	AIA	125°C 257°F	Dry locations only. Open wiring. In raceways, only for leads to or within apparatus.
Paper		85°C 185°F	For underground service conductors, or by special permission.
Slow-Burning	SB	90°C 194°F	Dry locations only. Open wiring and in raceways where temperatures will exceed those permitted for rubber-covered or varnished cambric-covered conductors.

TABLE E 310.02 (2) CONDUCTOR INSULATIONS

Trade Name	Type Letter	Insulation	Thickness of Insulation	Outer Covering
Heat-Resistant Latex Rubber	RUH	90% Unmilled, Grainless Rubber	14–10	Moisture-resistant, flame-retardant, non-metallic covering
Moisture-Resistant Latex Rubber	RUW	90% Unmilled, Grainless Rubber	14-1018 Mils 8-225 Mils	Moisture-resistant, flame-retardant, non-metallic covering
Thermoplastic	T	Flame Retardant, Thermoplastic Compound	14-10 2/64 Inch 8 3/64 Inch 6-2 4/64 Inch 1-4/0 5/64 Inch 213-500 6/64 Inch 501-1000 7/64 Inch 1001-2000 8/64 Inch	None
Moisture-Resistant Thermoplastic	TW	Flame-Retardant, Moisture-Resistant Thermoplastic	14-10 2/64 Inch 8 3/64 Inch 6-2 4/64 Inch 1-4/0 5/64 Inch 213-500 6/64 Inch 501-1000 7/64 Inch 1001-2000 8/64 Inch	None
Moisture and Heat-Resistant Thermoplastic	THW	Flame-Retardant, Moisture and Heat- Resistant Thermoplastic	14-10 3/64 Inch 8-2 4/64 Inch 1-4/0 5/64 Inch 213-500 6/64 Inch 501-1000 7/64 Inch 1001-2000 8/64 Inch	None
Moisture and Heat-Resistant Thermoplastic	THWN	Flame-Retardant, Moisture and Heat- Resistant Thermoplastic	14-12 15 Mils 10 20 Mils 8-6 30 Mils 4-2 40 Mils 1-4/0 50 Mils 250-500 MCM 60 Mils	Nylon Jacket
Thermoplastic and Asbestos	TA	Thermoplastic and Asbestos	Th'pl'. Asb. 14-8 20 Mils 20 Mils 6-2 30 Mils 25 Mils 4/40 Mile 20 Mils	* ame-retardant, cotton braid

Туре Thickness of Insulation Outer Covering Insulation Trade Name Letter 14-10_____3/64 Inch Asbestos or glass Silicone-Asbestos SA Silicone Rubber 8-2____4/64 Inch 1-4/0_____5/64 Inch 213-500_____6/64 Inch 501-1000_____7/64 Inch 1001-2000_____8/64 Inch Flame-retardant, non-metallic covering Thermoplastic and Fibrous Braid TBS Thermoplastic 14-10_____2/64 Inch 8_____3/64 Inch 6-2 4/64 Inch 1-4/0____5/64 Inch 16-4____50 Mils Copper Mineral-Insulated Metal-Sheathed MT Magnesium Oxide 3-4/0____55 Mils Non-metallic covering or lead sheath Varnished Cambric Varnished Cambric 6-2----4/64 Inch 1-4/0_____5/64 Inch 213-500 -----6/64 Inch 501-1000 _____7/64 Inch 1001-2000_____8/64 Inch (Dimen. in Mils) AVA-asbestos braid or glass AVA AVL 1st 2nd 2nd AVL-lead sheath VC Asb. Asb. Asbestos and Varnished Cambric AVA and Impregnated Asbestos Asb. and Varnished Cambric 14-8 (solid AVL only)_____ 15 25 14-8____ 10 30 20 25 6-2____ 15 30 30 1-4/0_____ 213-500 ____ 25 40 40 40 40 501-1000 30 40 40 1001-2000 ... 30 50 Impregnated Asbestos Asb. Asbestos and Varnished Cambric AVB Flame-retardant, cotton braid and Varnished Cambric 20 30 (switchboard wiring) 6-2 40

TABLE E 310.02 (2)-Continued

TABLE E 310.02 (2)-Continued

Trade Name	Type Letter	Insulation	Thickness of Insulation	Outer Covering
			$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Flame-retardant, cotton braid
Asbestos	A	Asbestos	1430 Mils 12-840 Mils	Without asbestos braid
Asbestos	AA	Asbestos	14	With asbestos braid or glass
Code	R	Code Rubber	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*Moisture-resistant, flame-retardant, non-metallic covering
Heat-Resistant	RH RHH	Heat-Resistant Rubber	**14-12 2/64 Inch 10 3/64 Inch 8-2 4/64 Inch 1-4/0 5/64 Inch 213-500 6/64 Inch 501-1000 7/64 Inch 1001-2000 8/64 Inch	*Moisture-resistant, flame-retardant, non-metallic covering
Moisture-Resistant	RW	Moisture-Resistant Rubber	14-10 3/64 Inch 8-2 4/64 Inch 1-4/0 5/64 Inch 213-500 6/64 Inch 501-1000 7/64 Inch 1001-2000 8/64 Inch	*Moisture-resistant, flame-retardant, non-metallic covering]

*Outer covering is not required over rubber insulations which have been specifically approved for the purpose. **For 14-12 sizes RHH shall be 3/64 inch thickness insulation.

TABLE E 310.02 (2)—Continued

Trade Name	Type Letter	Insulation	Thickness of Insulation	Outer Covering
Moisture and Heat Resistant	RH-RW RHW	Moisture and Heat Resistant Rubber	14-10 3/64 Inch 8-2 4/64 Inch 1-4/0 5/64 Inch 213-500 6/64 Inch 501-1000 7/64 Inch 1001-2000 8/64 Inch	*Moisture-resistant, flame-retardant, non-metallic covering
Latex Rubber	RU	90% Unmilled, Grainless Rubber	14–10	Moisture-resistant, flame-retardant, non-metallic covering
Asbestos	AI	Impregnated Asbestos	1430 Mils 12-840 Mils	Without asbestos braid
Asbestos	AIA	Impregnated Asbestos	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	With asbestos braid or glass
Paper		Paper		Lead sheath

*Outer covering is not required over rubber insulations which have been specifically approved for the purpose.

Note: The non-metallic covering over individual rubber-covered conductors of aluminum sheathed cable and of lead-sheathed or multiple-conductor cable is not required to be flame retardant. For metal-clad cable, see section E 344.04. For non-metallic-sheathed cable, see section E 336.02. For type UF cable, see section E 339.01. For aluminum sheathed cable, see section E 331.09.

(3) MARKING. Insulated wires, cables and cords of all kinds except paper-insulated wire shall have a continuous distinctive marking so that their maker may be readily identified. All wires, cables and cords shall also be plainly tagged or marked as follows:

(a) The maximum working voltage for which the wire was tested or approved. This may be omitted for slow-burning and asbestos-

covered switchboard wires.

(b) The words "National Electrical Code Standard", or "NEC Std."

(c) Name of the manufacturing company and, if desired, trade name of the wire.

(d) Month and year when manufactured. This may be omitted for

slow-burning wires.

- (e) The proper type letter for the particular style of wire or cable as given in the following sections.
- (4) CLASSIFICATION. In addition to the type letters specified in table E 310.02 (2), the following letters shall apply:

(a) A type letter or letters used alone indicates a single insulated

conductor.

- (b) The letter "D" used as a suffix indicates a twin wire with 2 insulated conductors laid parallel under an outer non-metallic covering.
- (c) The letter "M" used as a suffix indicates an assembly of 2 or more insulated conductors twisted together under an outer non-metallic covering.
- (d) The letter "L" used as a suffix indicates an outer covering of

lead.

- (e) Voltage. Type letters, when used alone, indicate conductors for use at not more than 600 volts. Conductors for use at higher voltages shall be indicated by adding numerical suffixes to the type letters as follows:
 - 10—for use at not more than 1000 volts.
 - 20—for use at not more than 2000 volts.
 - 30—for use at not more than 3000 volts.
 - 40—for use at not more than 4000 volts.
 - 50-for use at not more than 5000 volts.

Note: The working voltages referred to in the table are the operating voltages between phases of single and 2-phase systems, and 3-phase systems with grounded or ungrounded neutral.

- (f) All NEC standard conductors shall be examined and tested at the factory and, if approved, shall be labeled before shipment.
- (5) IDENTIFICATION OF INSULATION. All rubber-insulated conductors and all thermoplastic-insulated conductors, No. 14 and larger, shall have a readily recognizable durable marking to indicate the grade of insulation; except that single-conductor, code-rubber insulated conductors having a lead sheath; and multi-conductor cables, armored cable, and non-metallic-sheathed cable having code-rubber or non-moisture-resistant thermoplastic-insulated conductors, need not be so marked.
- (6) IDENTIFIED CONDUCTORS. Single insulated conductors of No. 6 or smaller, intended for use as identified conductors of circuits, except (a) for fixture wires as outlined below, and (b) for mineral insulated-metal sheathed cable, shall have an outer identification of a white or natural gray color. Twin and twisted-pair conductors and 3-conductor

cables shall have one conductor, and 4-conductor cables shall have at least one conductor identified in this manner. (c) For fixture wires the identification shall be as above, or by means of 1. ridges, or 2. grooves, or 3. stripes colored white or natural gray so located on the exterior of the wires as to identify it.

Note: Wires having their outer covering finished to show a white or natural gray color but having colored tracer threads in the braid, identifying the source of manufacture, are considered as meeting the provisions herein.

- (7) Single conductors, intended for use as unidentified conductors, and conductors other than the identified conductor in multi-conductor cables, shall be finished to show a color or combination of colors other than, and contrasting with, white or natural gray. The colors contrasting with white or natural gray, may be provided by means of an approved stripe or stripes on black conductors. For identification requirements for conductors larger than No. 6 see subsection E 200.06 (2).
- (8) INSULATION THICKNESS; OVER 600 VOLTS. The thickness of insulation for conductors for use at over 600 volts shall conform to tables E 310.02 (8) (a) through E 310.02 (8) (d):

TABLE E 310.02 (8) (a) THICKNESS OF RUBBER INSULATION FOR RUBBER-COVERED WIRE AND CABLE, IN 64THS OF AN INCH

	Classification						
Conductor Size AWG or MCM	R 10 RH 10 RW 10 RHW 10	R 20 RH 20 RW 20 RHW 20	RW 80** RH-RW 80** RHW 80**	RW 40** RH-RW 40** RHW 40**	RW 50** RH-RW 50** RHW 50**		
14-12 10- 8*	4 4 5 6 7 8 9	5 6 7 8 9	7 8 8 9 9	9 9 9 10 10	10* 10 10 11 11 11		

^{*}No. 8 AWG is the minimum conductor size for 5000 volts operation.
**Shall be of approved ozone-resistant type for operation at voltages over 2000.

TABLE E 310.02 (8) (b)

THICKNESS OF VARNISHED-CAMBRIC INSULATION FOR SINGLE-CONDUCTOR CABLE, IN 64THS OF AN INCH

For Voltages Not Exceeding					
000	2000	3000	4000	5000	
4 4 4 4 5 6 7 8	5 5 6 6 7 8	6 6 6 7 7 8	7 7 8 8 8	9 9 10 10 10	
	100 4 4 4 4 4 5 6 6 7 8				

TABLE E 310.02 (8) (c)

THICKNESS OF VARNISHED-CAMBRIC INSULATION FOR MULTIPLE-CONDUCTOR CABLE, IN 64THS OF AN INCH

	For Voltages Not Exceeding									
Conductor Size AWG or MCM	1000		2000		3000		4000		5000	
AWG of MCM	C	В	С	В	С	В	С	В	С	В
14	4 4 4 5 6 7	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2	5 5 6 6 6 7	0 0 0 0 0 2 2	5 5 6 6 6 7	2 2 2 3 3 3	6 6 6 6 7	3 8 8 4 4	6 6 7 7	4 4 4 4 5

Note: The thickness given in columns headed "C" are for the insulation on the individual conductors. Those given in the columns headed "B" are for the thickness of the overall belt of insulation.

TABLE E 310.02 (8) (d)

THICKNESS OF ASBESTOS AND VARNISHED-CAMBRIC INSULATION FOR SINGLE-CONDUCTOR CABLE, TYPES AVA, AVB AND AVL, IN MILS

	1st Wall Asbestos	2nd Wall Asbestos					
Conductor Size AWG or MCM	For Voltages Not Exceeding						
AWG OF MCM	1000- 5000	1000	2000	8000	4000	5000	1000- 5000
14-2	15 20 25 30 80	45 45 45 45 45 55	60 60 60 60 75	80 80 80 80 95	100 100 100 100 115	120 120 120 120 120 140	25 30 40 40 50

History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

E 310.03 Insulating materials. (1) The rubber insulations include those made from natural and synthetic rubber, neoprene and other vulcanizable materials.

(2) Thermoplastic insulation may stiffen at temperatures below minus 10° C. (14° F.) and care should be used in its installation at such temperatures. It may be deformed when subject to pressure; care should be taken in its installation, as for example, at bushings, or points of support. See subsection E 373.06 (2).

History: Cr. Register, April 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

E 310.04 Temperature limitations. No conductor shall be used under such conditions that its temperature, even when carrying current, will exceed the temperature specified in table E 310.02 (1) for the type of insulation involved.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

E 310.05 Wet locations. Insulated conductors used underground, in concrete slabs or other masonry in direct contact with earth, in wet

Electrical Code, Volume 2 Register, April, 1964, No. 100 locations, or where condensation or accumulation of moisture within the raceway is likely to occur, shall be moisture-resistant, rubber-covered (type RW); moisture-and heat-resistant (type RH-RW); moisture-and heat-resistant, rubber-covered (type RHW); moisture-resistant latex rubber (type RUW); moisture-resistant, thermo-plastic-covered (type THW); moisture-and heat-resistant, thermo-plastic-covered (type THW); moisture-and heat-resistant thermo-plastic (type THWN); lead covered; aluminum sheathed cable (type ALS); mineral insulated-metal sheathed (type MI); or of a type approved for the purpose.

Note: Such conductors are not suitable for direct burial in the earth unless of a type specifically approved for the purpose.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

E 310.06 Buried conductors. Cables of one or more conductors for direct burial in the earth shall be type USE, except that branch circuit and feeder cable may be type UF. Where single conductor cables are installed, all conductors of each service, feeder, sub-feeder or branch circuit, including the neutral conductor, shall be run continuously in the same trench or raceway. Supplementary mechanical protection, such as a covering board, concrete pad, raceway, etc., may be required by the administrative authority. See section E 339.03 (3). History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

E 310.07 Corrosive conditions. Conductors exposed to oils, greases, vapors, gases, fumes, liquids or other substances having a deleterious effect upon the conductor or insulation shall be of a type approved for the purpose.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

E 310.08 Minimum size of conductors. Conductors, whether solid or stranded, shall not be smaller than No. 14, except for printing press control circuits; as provided for flexible cords in section E 400.07; for fixture wire in section E 410.18; for fractional horsepower motors in section E 430.022; for cranes and hoists in section E 610.14; and for remote-control, low-energy power, low voltage power and signal circuits in section E 725.13.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

E 310.09 Stranded conductors. Except when used as bus bars or in type MI cable, conductors No. 6 and larger, installed in raceways shall be stranded.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

E 310.10 Conductors in multiple. Conductors in sizes 1/0 and larger may be run in multiple provided they are of the same length and have the same circular-mil area and type of insulation. Where conductors are run in multiple, they shall be arranged and terminate at both ends in such a manner as to insure equal division of the total current between all conductors that are involved.

Note: When conductors are used in multiple, space in enclosures should be given consideration.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

E 310.11 Current-carrying capacity reduction factors. Where more than 3 conductors are installed in a raceway or assembled into one or more cables the current-carrying capacity of each conductor shall

be reduced in accordance with note 8 to tables E 310.12 through E 310.15.♥

Note: The maximum, continuous, current-carrying capacities of copper conductors are given in tables E 310.12 and E 310.13. The current-carrying capacities of aluminum conductors are given in tables E 310.14 and E 310.15.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

Notes to Tables E 310.12 through E 310.15

- 1. Explanation of tables. For explanation of type letters, and for recognized size of conductors for the various conductor insulations, see sections E 310.02 and E 310.03. For installation requirements, see sections E 310.01 through E 310.07, and the various chapters of this code. For flexible cords see tables E 400.09 and E 400.11.
- 2. Application of tables. For open wiring on insulators and for concealed knob-and-tube work, the allowable current-carrying capacities of tables E 310.13 and E 310.15 shall be used. For all other recognized wiring methods, the allowable current-carrying capacities of tables E 310.12 and E 310.15
- shall be used, unless otherwise provided in this code.

 3. Aluminum conductors. For aluminum conductors, the allowable current-carrying capacities shall be in accordance with tables E 310.14 and E 310.15.
- 4. Bare conductors. Where bare conductors are used with insulated conductors, their allowable current-carrying capacity shall be limited to that permitted for the insulated conductors of the same size.

 5. Type MI cable. The temperature limitation on which the current-carrying capacities of type MI cable are based, is determined by the insulating materials used in the end seal. Termination fittings incorporating unimpregnated organic insulating materials are limited to 85°C, operation.
- 6. Ultimate insulation temperature. In no case shall conductors be associated together in such a way with respect to the kind of circuit, the wiring method employed, or the number of conductors, that the limiting temperature of the conductors will be exceeded.
- 7. Use of conductors with higher operating temperatures. Where the room temperature is within 10° C, of the maximum allowable operating temperature of the insulation, it is desirable to use an insulation with a higher maximum allowable operating temperature; although insulation can be used in a room temperature approaching its maximum allowable operating temperature limit if the current is reduced in accordance with the correction factors for different room temperatures.
- 8. More than three conductors in a raceway or cable. Tables E 310.12 and E 310.14 give the allowable current-carrying capacities for not more than 3 conductors in a raceway or cable. Where the number of conductors in a raceway or cable exceeds 3, the allowable current-carrying capacity of each conductor shall be reduced as shown in the following table:

	Number of Conductors	Per Cent of Values in Tables E 310.12 and E 310.14
4 to 6		80 70 60 50

Exception. When conductors of different systems, as provided in section E 300.03, are installed in a common raceway the derating factors shown above apply to the number of Power and Lighting (chapters E 210, E 215, E 220 and E 230) conductors only.

- a. Where the number of conductors in a raceway or cable exceeds 3, or where single conductors or multi-conductor cables are stacked or bundled without maintaining spacing as required in chapter E 318 and are not installed in raceways, the individual current-carrying capacity of each conductor shall be reduced as shown in the above table.
- 9. Use of Type RH-RW rubber insulated wire. Where type RH-RW rubber insulated wire is used in wet locations the allowable current-carrying capacities shall be those of column 2 in tables E 310.12 through E 310.15. Where used in dry locations the allowable current-carrying capacities shall be those of column 3 in tables E 310.12 through E 310.15.
- 10. Overcurrent protection. Where the standard ratings and settings of overcurrent devices do not correspond with the ratings and settings allowed for conductors, the next higher standard rating and setting may be used except as limited in section E 240.65.

Electrical Code, Volume 2 Register, April, 1964, No. 100

- 11. Neutral conductor. A neutral conductor which carries only the unbalanced current from other conductors, as in the case of normally balanced circuits of 3 or more conductors, shall not be counted in determining current-carrying capacities as provided for in Note 8.
- a. In a 3-wire circuit consisting of 2 phase wires and the neutral of a 4-wire, 3-phase WYE connected system, a common conductor carries approximately the same current as the other conductors and is not therefore considered as a neutral conductor.
- 12. Voltage Drop. The allowable current-carrying capacities in tables E 310.12 through E 310.15 are based on temperature alone and do not take voltage drop into consideration.
- 13. Deterioration of insulation. It should be noted that even the best grades of rubber insulation will deteriorate in time, so eventually will need to be replaced.
- 14. Aluminum sheathed cable. The current-carrying capacities of type ALS cable are determined by the temperature limitation of the insulated conductors incorporated within the cable. Hence the current-carrying capacities of aluminum sheathed cable may be determined from the columns in tables E 310.12 and E 310.14 applicable to the type of insulated conductors employed within the cable. See note 9.

ALLOWABLE CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES OF INSULATED COPPER CONDUCTORS IN AMPERES

Not More than Three Conductors in Raceway or Cable or Direct Burial (Based on Room Temperature of 30°C, 86°F.)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
			Paper			
	Rubber Type R Type RW	Rubber Type RH	Thermo- plastic Asbestos Type TA			
	Type RU Type RUW (14-2)	RUH (14-2)	Thermo- plastic Type TBS	Asbestos	Impreg- nated	Ashorton
Size AWG MCM	Type RH-RW	Type RH-RW See Note 9	Silicone Type SA	Var-Cam Type AVA Type AVL	Asbestos Type AI (14–8)	Asbestos Type A (14–8) Type AA
	See Note 9	Type RHW	Var-Cam Type V	AVL	Type AIA	
	Thermo- plastic Type T Type TW	Thermo- plastic Type THW	Asbestos Var-Cam Type AVB			
	Type I W	THWN	MI Cable			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			RHH**			AMERICA VIV. BASINING TO AMERICA SALAS SE
14 12 10 8	15 20 80 40	15 20 30 45	25 30 40 50	30 35 45 60	30 40 50 65	30 40 55 70
6 4 8 2 1	55 70 80 95 110	65 85 100 115 180	70 90 105 120 140	80 105 120 135 160	85 115 130 145 170	95 120 145 165 190
0 00 000 0000	125 145 165 195	150 175 200 230	155 185 210 235	190 215 245 275	200 230 265 310	225 250 285 340
250 300 350 400 500	215 240 260 280 320	255 285 310 335 380	270 300 325 360 405	315 345 390 420 470	335 380 420 450 500	
600 700 750 800 900	855 885 400 410 435	420 460 475 490 520	455 490 500 515 555	525 560 580 600	545 600 620 640	
1000 1250	455 495	545 590	585 645	680	730	
1500 1750 2000	520 545 560	625 650 665	700 785 775	785 840		
	ORRECTION			MPS. OVER	30°C. 86°F	
C. F. 40 104 45 113 50 122 55 131	.82 .71 .58 .41	.88 .82 .75 .67	.90 .85 .80 .74	.94 .90 .87 .83	.95 .92 .89 .86	
60 140 70 158 75 167 80 176		.58	.67 .52 .43 .30	.79 .71 .66 .61	.83 .76 .72 .69	.91 .87 .86 .84
90 194 100 212 120 248 140 284				.50	.61 .51	.80 .77 .69 .59

**The current-carrying capacities for type RHH conductors for sizes AWG 14, 12 and 10 shall be the same as designated for type RH conductors in this table.

History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.

ALLOWABLE CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES OF INSULATED COPPER CONDUCTORS IN AMPERES Single Conductor in Free Air (Based on Room Temperature of 30°C, 86°F.)

Size AWG MCM	Rubber Type R Type RW Type RU Type RUW (14-2) Type RH-RW See Note 9 Thermoplastic Type T	Rubber Type RH RUH (14-2) Type RH-RW See Note 9 Type RHW Thermo- plastic Type THW	Paper Thermoplastic Asbestos Type TA Thermoplastic Type TBS Silicone Type SA Var-Cam Type V Asbestos Var-Cam Type AVB MI Cable RHH**	Asbestos Var-Cam Type AVA Type AVL	Impreg- nated Asbestos Type A1 (14-8) Type A1A	Asbestos Type A (14-8) Type AA	Bare and Covered Conductors
14 12 10 8	20 25 40 55	20 25 40 65	30 40 55 70	40 50 65 85	40 50 70 90	45 55 75 100	30 40 55 70
6 4 3 2 1	80 105 120 140 165	95 125 145 170 195	100 135 155 180 210	120 160 180 210 245	125 170 195 225 265	135 180 210 240 280	100 130 150 175 205
0 00 000 0000	195 225 260 300	230 265 310 360	245 285 330 385	285 380 385 445	305 355 410 475	325 370 480 510	285 275 820 870
250 300 350 400 500	340 375 420 455 515	405 445 505 545 620	425 480 530 575 660	495 555 610 665 765	580 590 655 710 815		410 460 510 555 630
600 700 750 800 900	575 630 655 680 730	690 755 785 815 870	740 815 845 880 940	855 940 980 1020	910 1005 1045 1085		710 780 810 845 905
1000 1250 1500 1750 2000	780 890 980 1070 1155	985 1065 1175 1280 1385	1000 1180 1260 1870 1470	1165 1450 1715	1240		965 1215 1405
	CORRE	CTION FA	CTORS, R	OOM TEM	PS. OVER	30°C. 86°F.	1. 1. 1. 1.
C. F. 40 104 45 113 50 122 55 131	.82 .71 .58 .41	.88 .82 .75 .67	.90 .85 .80 .74	.94 .90 .87 .83	.95 .92 .89 .86		
60 140 70 158 75 167 80 176		.58	.67 .52 .43 .30	.79 .71 .66 .61	.83 .76 .72 .69	.91 .87 .86 .84	1 000 000 155 1 500 155 1 505 1 155 1 505 1
90 194 100 212 120 248 140 284				.50	.61	.80 .77 .69 .59	

^{**}The current-carrying capacities for type RHH conductors for sizes AWG 14, 12 and 10 shall be the same as designated for type RH conductors in this table.

Weather-proof covered conductors used for service drops have the same current-carrying capacity as type SB.

Wistans Cr Ravigter April 1964 No 100 eff 5-1-64.

ALLOWABLE CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES OF INSULATED ALUMINUM CONDUCTORS IN AMPERES

Not More than Three Conductors in Raceway or Cable or Direct Burial (Based on Room Temperature of 30°C, 86°F.)

	Dukk	Rubber Type RH	Paper Thermoplastic Asbestos			
	Rubber Type R, RW, RU, RUW (12–2)	RUH (14–2)	Type TA Thermoplastic Type TBS	Asbestos Var-Cam	Impreg- nated Asbestos	Asbestos
Size AWG MCM	Type RH-RW Note 9	Type RH-RW Note 9	Silicone Type SA	Type AVA	Type AI (14-8)	Type A (14–8) Type AA
	Thermo- plastic	Type RHW Thermo-	Var-Cam Type V	Type AVL	Type AIA	1 ypc III
	Type T, TW	plastic Type THW	Asbestos Var-Cam Type AVB	43	3 1 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
1,742		THWN	MI Cable	+1 3g sq		
			RHH**	·.		
12 10 8 6	15 25 30 40	15 25 40 50	25 80 40 55	25 85 45 60	30 40 50 65	80 45 55 75
4 3 *2 *1	55 65 75 85	65 75 90 100	70 80 95 110	80 95 105 125	90 100 115 135	95 115 130 150
*0 *00 *000 *0000	100 115 130 155	120 135 155 180	125 145 165 185	150 170 195 215	160 180 210 245	180 200 225 270
250 800 850 400 500	170 190 210 225 260	205 230 250 270 310	215 240 260 290 830	250 275 310 335 380	270 305 335 360 405	
600 700 750 800 900 1000	285 310 320 330 855 375	840 875 885 895 425 445	370 395 405 415 455 480	425 455 470 485 560	440 485 500 520	
1250 1500 1750 2000	405 435 455 470	485 520 545 560	580 580 615 650	650 705		
CC	RRECTION	FACTORS	ROOM TE	MPS. OVER	30°C. 86°F.	122 12
C. F. 40 104 45 118 50 122 55 131	.82 .71 .58 .41	.88 .82 .75 .67	.90 .85 .80 .74	.94 .90 .87 .88	.95 .92 .89	
60 140 70 158 75 167 80 176		.58	.67 .52 .43 .30	.79 .71 .66 .61	.83 .76 .72 .69	.91 .87 .86 .84
90 194 100 212 120 248 140 284				.50	.61 .51	.80 .77 .69 .59

^{*}For three wire, single phase service and sub-service circuits, the allowable current-carrying capacity of RH, RH-RW, RHH, RHW, and THW aluminum conductors shall be for sizes #2-100 Amp., #1-110 Amp., #1/0-125 Amp., #2/0-150 Amp., #8/0-170 Amp., and #4/0-200 Amp.

**The current-carrying canacities for type RHH conductors for sizes AWG 12 10 and 2

ALLOWABLE CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITIES OF INSULATED ALUMINUM CONDUCTORS IN AMPERES Single Conductor in Free Air (Based on Room Temperature of 30°C. 86°F.)

			Paper				
	Rubber	Rubber Type RH	Thermo- plastic Asbestos Type TA				
	Type R, RW, RU, RUW (12-2)	Type RH-RW	Thermo- plastic Type TBS	Asbestos Var-Cam	Impreg- nated Asbestos	Asbestos	Bare
Size AWG MCM	Type RH-RW Note 9	Note 9 Type RHW	Silicone Type SA	Type AVA Type AVL	Type AI (14–8)	Type A (14-8) Type AA	and Covered Conductor
	Thermo- plastic	Thermo-	Var-Cam Type V	AVL	Type AIA		
	Type T,	plastic Type THW	Asbestos Var-Cam Type AVB				
		THWN	MI Cable RHH**				
12	20	20	30	40	40	45	30
10 8 6	30 45 60	30 55 75	45 55 80	50 65 95	55 70 100	60 80 105	45 55 80
4 3 2	80 95 110	100 115 135	105 120 140	125 140 165	135 150 175	140 165 185	100 115 135
1	180	155	165	190	205	220	160 185
00 000 0000	150 175 200 280	180 210 240 280	190 220 255 300	255 300 345	240 275 320 370	290 335 400	215 250 290
250 300 350	265 290 330	315 350 395	330 375 415	385 485 475	415 460 510		320 360 400
400 500	355 405	425 485	450 515	520 595	555 635		435 490
600 700	455 500	545 595	585 645	675 745	720 795		560 615
750 800	515 535	620 645	670 695	775 805	825 855		640 670
900 1000	580 625	700 750	750 800	930	990		725 770
1250 1500	710 795	855 950	905 1020	1175			985
1750 2000	875 960	1050 1150	1125 1220	1425			1165
	CORREC	TION FA	TORS, RO	OM TEMP	S. OVER	0°C. 86°F.	
C. F. 40 104	.82	.88	.90	.94	.95	104,4	
45 118 50 122	.71 .58	.82 .75	.85 .80	.90 .87	.92 .89		
55 131	.41	.67	.74	.83	.86		
60 140 70 158	100000000	.58 .35	.67	.79 .71	.83 .76	.91 .87	
75 167 80 176	:		.43	.66	.72	.86 .84	
90 194	 			.50	.61	.80	
100 212 120 248					.51	.77 .69	
140 284						.59	

^{**}The current-carrying capacities for type RHH conductors for sizes AWG 12, 10 and 8 shall be the same as designated for type RH conductors in this table.

**History: Cr. Register, April, 1964, No. 100, eff. 5-1-64.